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## Advisory Board Presentation Discussion Materials

AIM XLVII | December 3, 2018

## Analyst Introductions

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## Charles Hughes

Apollo Global, Micron

## Greg Kaniecki

Intercontinental Exchange, Boyd Gamming

## Peter Loughran

Microsoft, Spotify

## Kevin Marks

Unitedhealth Group, Darling Ingredients
Niko Martinovic
Comerica, Activision Blizzard

## John Mullen

Disney, Brookdale

## Griffin Over

Total System Services, AO Smith

## Chris Page

Cleveland-Cliffs, McDonalds

## Zach Prephan

Paypal, GTT Communications

William Schipke
Kraft Heinz, Booking Holdings

## Gary Schorr

Biogen, XPO Logistics

## Chris Skomra

Exelon, Compass Minerals

## Francesca Ventura

Lockheed Martin, Ulta Beauty

## Richard Xiong

Palo Alto Networks, Netflix
I. Course OverviewII. ECONOMIC OUTLOOKIII. SECURITY ANALYSISIV. Portfouio PerformancesV. AIM XLVII ReviewVI. Concluding Remarks

A. Course Fundamentals
B. Investment Philosophy \& Policies
C. Analyst Responsibilities

## Course Fundamentals

## Course Objectives

- Blends traditional academic objectives with the practical experience of hands-on investment management
- Provide students with a thorough grounding in the portfolio management process
- Enhance each student's ability to effectively communicate their approach and analyses leading to their investment recommendations


## Analyst Selection

- Students submit a resume, transcript and essay detailing their desires and qualifications to participate in the course
- Analysts are selected based on academic performance, professional experience and other relevant criteria


## Methodology

- The new AIM class inherits the approximately $\$ 15$ million portfolio handed over by the previous class
- Each analyst covers an existing portfolio stock
- Analysts pitch a new stock of their choice to be considered for addition to the portfolio
- Finally, the class votes on the composition of the new portfolio based on each analyst's final recommendation on the $\sim 50$ stocks


## Investment Philosophy and Policies

## Investment Philosophy and Goals

- Bottom-up, deep fundamental analysis approach with topdown consideration
- Create a portfolio with well-researched trade decisions that contribute to the growth of the portfolio's value for the use of future classes
- Outperform the S\&P 500 over the long-term
- Other benchmarks include the Russell 2000 \& the HBI Index ( $65 \%$ S\&P 500, 35\% Russell 2000)


## Investment Guidelines

- Only common equities traded on major U.S. exchange
- Avoid companies whose ethics are not in line with those of the University (i.e. abortifacients, birth control, tobacco, etc.)
- Target allocation: 35\% Small \& Mid-Cap, 65\% Large-Cap
- With a $+/-10 \%$ limit


## Investment Constraints

- Liquidity: Investments limited to common equities
- Time Horizon: 3 - 5 year outlook
- Laws \& Regulation: "Prudent Person Rule"
- Tax Considerations: Not a constraint for the fund given its tax-exempt status


## AIM XLVII Portfolio Composition



- One stock should not exceed over $10 \%$ of the portfolio


## Analyst Responsibilities

## Individual Responsibilities

- In-depth research and coverage of two stocks and effective communication of findings to peers
- Completion of various analyst reports and group projects
- Staying informed on the markets/stocks in the portfolio
- A student is assigned as "CIO" for each class
- CIO responsibilities include a market update and organization of the class period


## Group Projects

- Industry/Sector Analysis
- Economic Analysis
- Portfolio Performance
- Newsletter


## Analyst Reports

- Company Background
- Fundamental Analysis
- Earning Forecast
- Cost of Capital Forecast
- Valuation
- Technical Analysis


## AIM XLVII Portfolio Composition


I. CoUrse OverviewII. Economic OutlookIII. SECURITY ANALYSISIV. PORTFOLIO PERFORMANCEV. AIM XLVII ReviewVI. Concluding Remarks
A. GDP Breakdown
B. FX, Inflation and Interest Rates Overview
C. Labor and Housing Market
D. Political Environment
E. Global Considerations

## Q3 2018 GDP Breakdown

Net Exports in Q3 was hit substantially due to the trade war with other categories largely unencumbered
GDP Contributions Highlight Underlying Weaknesses

| Major Category | Q3 2018 | Q2 2018 | Q3 2017 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Overall Growth | 3.5\% | 4.1\% | 3.2\% |
| Consumption | +2.7\% | +2.2\% | +1.8\% |
| Investment | +1.5\% | +0.4\% | +1.1\% |
| Trade | (1.4\%) | +1.0\% | +0.2\% |
| Government | +0.6\% | +0.5\% | +0.2\% |

## Contribution Drivers

| Consumption | Investment | Net Exports | Gov. Spending |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Strong Growth: healthcare and housing services <br> - Moderate Growth: F\&B, vehicles, recreational goods | - $36.8 \%$ increase in nonfarm inventories ( $95 \%$ of Investment contribution) <br> - Preparation for holiday season | - $1.1 \%$ of growth cut due to excess imports to fuel inventories <br> - Trade war: reduction in exports and $0.3 \%$ decrease in GDP | - Higher state and local spending <br> - Growth in defense budget |

## FX Overview

## U.S. Dollar to Hold Strong

- Strengthening U.S. dollar since 2014, yet still weak relative to 30 year average
- Rising interest rates leading to short term USD appreciation
- Fewer dollars required to purchase imported goods and the prices of imported goods into the U.S. tend to fall



U.S. Foreign Direct Investment (\$ in billions)


CNY/USD


## U.S. Inflation Overview

While inflation has been allowed to creep above $\sim 2.0 \%$, it does not pose a meaningful concern as of yet and is broadly in-line with short-term expectations
U.S. Inflation Evolution (1982-2018)


## Considerations

- Higher inflation rates tend to reduce the value of the currency
- A strong dollar holds down prices of imported consumer goods
- Helps offset core consumer service inflation


## Interest Rate Overview

Federal Funds Rate Evolution (1954-2018)


Recent Rate Hikes

| Date | Increase (bp) | Level (\%) |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Mar. 2017 | 25 | $0.75-1.00$ |
| Jun. 2017 | 25 | $1.00-1.25$ |
| Dec. 2017 | 25 | $1.25-1.50$ |
| Mar. 2018 | 25 | $1.50-1.75$ |
| Jun. 2018 | 25 | $1.75-2.00$ |
| Sept. 2018 | 25 | $2.00-2.25$ |

## November FOMC Meeting

- While the Fed sees continued strength in the U.S. economy, they left rates unchanged.
- Analysts expect the Fed will hike rates by an additional 25 bps at its December meeting
- Rising rates will continue to put pressure on stock returns, but will benefit Comerica's floating rate book of loans


## Mixed Signals from Labor Market

## Positive Signals

Unemployment Rate hits lowest level, at 3.7\%, since 1969
( Recent uptick in real wage growth may indicate that low unemployment is finally fueling wages

- Amazon raised minimum wage to $\$ 15$ per hour, Walmart and Target have responded with increases
- Pressure on other large competitors to follow suit


## U.S. Wage Growth



## Negative Signals

(x) Participation Rate still sits at $62.7 \%$

* Labor shortages growing in select sectors, including retail and the food industry
- 757,000 retail industry openings ( $+100,000 \mathrm{YoY}$ )
- 909,000 food industry openings (+161,000 YoY)

Unemployment \& Participation Evolution


## Housing Market

While rates have been on the rise, real-estate values have followed. Further, with less leverage in the market, conditions are far better than 2008/09
U.S. National Home Price Index


Increasing Prime Rate



## Political Environment

Historically, divided governments have benefited markets. Gridlock should minimize material changes in policy and allow business to operate at status quo

Midterm Election Results

Democrats took control of the House of Representatives, prompting a newly divided U.S. government

The DJIA and S\&P 500 jumped $+2.0 \%$ following results.
With uncertainty fading, clarity is beginning to emerge
DJIA Returns Through Presidential Cycle ('86 - '17) ${ }^{1}$


Gridlock Impacts by Sector

| Pharmaceuticals |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Medical Equipment |
|  | Construction and Infrastructure |
|  | Oin and Gas Drilling |

## Global Considerations

## Negative Considerations

U.S.-China Trade War Impact (\$ in billions)


S\&P 500 Volatility Driven by Trade Uncertainty


## Positive Considerations

## USMC Agreement Overview

- In 2020, vehicles must have $75 \%$ of its components manufactured in USMC at $\$ 16$ per hour
- $25 \%$ steel tariffs stay in place
- U.S. drug companies will now be able to sell pharmaceuticals in Canada for 10 years before facing generic competition
- Deal must be reviewed after 6 years


## FDI in Mexico and Canada (\$ in billions)



## Global Considerations (contd)

While volatility has increased, current sentiment largely ignores the long-term benefits of globalization Selected Five-Year Global Benchmark Performance


## Summary Outlook

While the economy is certainly late-cycle, current fundamentals suggest limited likelihood of a contraction within the next several quarters

## Key Economic Themes

0
Monetary and Fiscal policy makers are more transparent than ever
( Real wages will grow, but it will be important to monitor inflation and interest rate changes
( There is less leverage risk in the housing market providing a cushion for price appreciation
( Gridlock will promote a more stable environment due to less market moving legislation
? Strong growth story in Emerging Markets is convincing enough so we can stomach the associated risks
I. Course Overview
II. ECONOMIC OUTLOOK III. SECURITY ANALYSIS IV. Portfonío Performance V. AIM XLVII REview VI. Concluding Remarks

A. Company Overviews
B. Selected Analyst Insights
C. Final Valuations \& Recommendations

## stryker

Fundamental Analysis

## ACSmith

Fundamental Analysis
nextera
ENERGY

Fundamental Analysis

## facebook

Primary Discovery

## 亳Compass <br> Minerals

Sum of the Parts
© TARGET.

Industry Analysis
trษpanion
Medical insurance for your pet.

Competitive Advantage

Discounted Cash Flow

INGREDIENTS INC.

Case Study

Constellation Brands

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Industry Analysis
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## Company Overview

- Stryker Corporation (NYSE:SYK) was founded in 1946
- Headquarters: Kalamazoo, MI
- CEO: Kevin Lobo (6 years)
- Largest medical device manufacturer in the United States
- Global leader in surgical equipment technology and implants
- 3 Primary Operating Segments: Orthopaedics, MedSurg and Neurotechnology/Spine
- 2017 Revenue: $\$ 12.4$ bn
- Completed 31 acquisitions since 2014


## Selected Financial Data

Share Price (as of November 14, 2018)
$\$ 166.00$

Enterprise Value
$\$ 66.6$ bn $\$ 4.37$
LTM EPS

2019E P/E 22.0x

2019E EV/EBITDA
17.2x

Dividend Yield

One-Year Share Price Performance (\$/share)


[^0]Note: Market data and valuation herein as of November 14, 2018, unless specified otherwise.

## Key Fundamental Considerations



R\&D expenses drive patent and top-line growthAcquisitions major part of growth strategy; 31 since 2014Capitalized R\&D as an asset in order to reflect investmentGrew intangibles and PP\&E at stepped up historical rates to reflect need to continue to acquire patents


Management's ability to successfully bring developed and acquired patents to market

Acquisition History

| Company | Year | Size (\$MM) | Segment |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| K2M Group | 2018 | $\mathbf{1 , 3 9 7}$ | Neuro \& Spine |
| Entellus | 2017 | 715 | MedSurg |
| Novadaq | 2017 | 700 | MedSurg |
| Physio | 2016 | 1,344 | MedSurg |
| Sage Products | 2016 | 2,775 | MedSurg |
| MAKO | 2013 | $\mathbf{1 , 5 1 1}$ | Ortho |
| BSX Neuro | 2011 | 1,500 | Neuro \& Spine |

Historical Patent Growth (\$ in millions)


Capex Projections (\$ in millions)


## Final Valuation \& Recommendation

## Recommendation: Buy

## Portfolio Decision: Hold

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Proven management team that has historically been very good at acquiring/developing patents and bringing products to market
SYK's MAKO total knee and total hip products are set to be major revenue sources after their recent FDA approval in 2015
The smaller Neurotechnology and Spine segment is set to change drastically with the acquisition of K2M in September of 2018
? Healthcare as a whole is subject to large amounts of regulation risk which can alter the entire industry fundamentally

* Uncertainty over Stryker's ability to avoid large scale recalls that would drastically hit the top line going forward
- Company is trading rather close to its intrinsic value, indicating modest risk-adjusted upside today


## Company Overview

- World's leading social media platform, serving $\sim 1.4$ billion

Daily Active Users across its four major platforms:

- Facebook ( $\sim 2.2$ bn Monthly Active Users)
- Messenger (~1.3 bn Monthly Active Users)
- WhatsApp ( $\sim 1.3$ bn Monthly Active Users)
- Instagram ( $\sim 1.0$ bn Monthly Active Users)
- Generates $\sim 98 \%$ of its $\sim \$ 51.9$ billion LTM Revenue by selling targeted digital advertising placements to marketers
- Advertisements can narrow target audience by age, gender, location, interests and behaviors


## Selected Financial Data

Share Price (as of November 14, 2018)
\$144.22

Enterprise Value
LTM EPS
\$6.64

2019E P/E
16.22x

2019E EV/EBITDA
9.41x

Dividend Yield

One-Year Share Price Performance (\$/share)


## Bryce Badura's Background

- Notre Dame Class of 2019
- Computer Science Major
- Interned with Facebook in Palo Alto, California over the past two summers:
- 2017: Data Analytics Intern
- 2018: Data Science Intern
- Committed to return to Facebook next year as a full-time employee



## Interview Goals

- To confirm thesis regarding Facebook's growth story despite the platform's decelerating domestic and European user growth
- To develop a stronger grasp with regard to the regulatory concerns surrounding the company and possible outcomes that could result from new legislation
- To better understand the projects that drive Facebook's Research \& Development expenditures both in the short and long-term


## Key Takeaways



- U.S. is no longer FB's focus
- International internet improvements will fuel future growth overseas
- 3/4 of FB's platforms have barely been monetized, providing a significant growth opportunity

- Firm does not foresee regulation significantly hindering Facebook's underlying business model
- Removing "bad actors" is FB's


## Platform

Integrity
\#1 focus, resulting in increased R\&D expenses

- Project completion by 2020


## Recommendation: Buy

## Portfolio Decision: Hold

| Valuation Method | Weight | Implied Price | Contribution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Discounted Cash Flow | 100.0\% | \$202.57 | \$202.57 |
| Comparable Companies (PEG) | -- | 392.77 | - |
| Comparable Companies (EV/EBITDA) | -- | 232.05 | -- |
| Comparable Companies (P/E) | -- | 192.97 | -- |
| Intrinsic Value per Share |  |  | \$202.57 |
| Current Price (as of November 14, 2018) |  |  | 144.22 |
| Upside/(Downside) to Current |  |  | 40.5\% |
| IV Significant growth opportunities across three platforms yet to be fully monetized |  |  |  |
| ( $\checkmark$ Strong international growth potential as internet infrastructure and global penetration continues to improve |  |  |  |
| ( Selloff driven by market overreaction to regulatory concerns, paired with decelerating user growth rates |  |  |  |
| ? Unprecedented regulation could have a greater impact on the firm than forecasted |  |  |  |
| - Facebook decides to not fully monetize its other three platforms |  |  |  |

## Company Overview

- Trupanion provides medical insurance for cats and dogs in the U.S. \& Canada; founded in 2000 with a 2014 IPO
- Shares have slid in recent months in light of regulatory risk and a pullback in the broader equity market
- Regular discussions with regulatory authorities are normal; there is also significant short interest
- Recent discussions to enter new product (pet food) and geographic (Australia) markets present opportunities for upside


## Selected Financial Data

Share Price (as of November 14, 2018)
$\$ 23.70$

Enterprise Value
$\$ 801.8 \mathrm{mn}$

LTM EPS

2019E P/E

2019E EV/EBITDA

Dividend Yield

One-Year Share Price Performance (\$/share)


Trupanion's data-driven approach to risk assessment and superior value proposition create a competitive moat that it difficult for peers to replicate

## Data-Driven Approach in Estimating Risk

- Comprehensive data provides insights into risk of each pet
- Breed, postal code and age among the pricing categories used to measure risk
- Pet medical expenses expected to rise as more sophisticated techniques are adopted in the pet health industry


## Best Value Proposition Among Peers

- 70\% claims payout with no caps on claims-vertical integration allows Trupanion to pay more invoices
- Direct and automated invoice payment with proprietary Trupanion Express software
- $\mathbf{9 8 . 6 1 \%}$ average monthly retention rate


## Demonstrating Operating Leverage (\$ in millions)



Compelling Growth (\$ in millions)


## Recommendation: Buy

## Portfolio Decision: Hold

| Valuation Method | Weight | Implied Price | Contribution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Discounted Cash Flow | 100.0\% | \$41.33 | \$41.33 |
| Comparable Companies (EV/Revenue) | -- | 30.65 | - |
| Comparable Companies (EV/EBITDA) |  | 11.46 | - |
| Comparable Companies (Price/Book) |  | 18.81 |  |
| Intrinsic Value per Share |  |  | \$41.33 |
| Current Price (as of November 14, 2018) |  |  | 23.70 |
| Upside/(Downside) to Current |  |  | 74.4\% |
| ( Trupanion is a category leader in an industry with a large TA rate ( $1 \%-2 \%$ ) is far below comparable geographic markets <br> Increasingly accurate risk pricing (driven by data accumulatio proposition creates a competitive moat that is difficult to rep <br> ? Trupanion will continue to attract regulatory attention as it $g$ with authorities and investors are likely overreacting to comp | $\$ 32.7$ billion) <br> extensive mark <br> both in size and risk | attractive financial pros <br> ng network and a best <br> opularity; the company | cts-U.S. penetration <br> class value <br> nterests are aligned |

## Company Overview

- Largest multi-category (beer, wine and spirits) alcohol supplier in the United States
- More than 100 brands
- Beer: Corona, Modelo, Pacifico
- Wine: Robert Mondavi, Clos du Bois, Meiomi
- Spirits: SVEDKA, Casa Noble, High West
- History of inorganic growth through acquisitions
- Independent beer business acquired in 2013
- Founded in 1945 by the Sands family, the current owners


## Selected Financial Data

Share Price (as of November 14, 2018)
\$197.31

Enterprise Value
$\$ 49.0$ bn

LTM EPS

2019E P/E 19.5x

2019E EV/EBITDA 14.8x

Dividend Yield

One-Year Share Price Performance (\$/share)


## Key Themes

- "Premiumization" trend: consumers increasingly prefer higher-end beverages
- Demographic driver: expanding Hispanic population, which largely prefers imported beer
- Competitively concentrated landscape: large brands dominate
- Major players acquiring craft breweries to combat declining domestic beer consumption


## Highly Concentrated Beer Industry

- Anheuser-Busch InBev
$\square$ Molson Coors
$\square$ Constellation
$\square$ Oeineken

Beneficial Hispanic Demographic Trends


High-End Beer Outperformers

| Volume <br> CAGR | 10-year <br> ('07-'17) | 5-year <br> ('12-'17) | 3-year <br> ('14- '17) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| High-End <br> Beer | $+\mathbf{+ 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{+ 6 \%}$ | $+\mathbf{5} \%$ |
| Craft Beer | $+11 \%$ | $+12 \%$ | $+9 \%$ |
| All Other <br> Beer | $(3 \%)$ | $(4 \%)$ | $(3 \%)$ |
| Total Beer | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |

## Recommendation: Buy

## Portfolio Decision: Buy

Valuation Method Weight Implied Price Contribution
Discounted Cash Flow
Comparable Companies (EV/Sales)
Comparable Companies (EV/EBITDA)
Comparable Companies (P/E) $80.0 \%$
$5.0 \%$
$7.5 \%$
$7.5 \%$ $\$ 272.79$ ..... \$218.23 ..... 12.41
Intrinsic Value per Share ..... $\$ 269.66$
Current Price (as of November 14, 2018) ..... $36.7 \%$

Favorable demographic trend in the growing U.S. Hispanic population

P Portfolio brands grew significantly over the past five years, suggesting the run-way may be shrinking

x Competition from Heineken-owned Dos Equis, craft brewers and domestic beer

x Breakdown in relations between U.S. and Mexico

## Company Overview

- A.O. Smith Corporation (NYSE:AOS) was founded in 1874
- Headquarters: Milwaukee, WI
- CEO: Kevin J. Wheeler
- Largest water heater manufacturer in the United States
$-\sim 36 \%$ of sales are from international segments, primarily in China
- Manufactures and sells water heaters, boilers and other water treatment products
- 2017 Revenue: $\$ 2.99$ billion
- Brands include A.O. Smith, Lochinvar, American, State Water Heaters and Hague Quality Water


## Selected Financial Data

Share Price (as of November 14, 2018)
$\$ 45.23$

Enterprise Value
$\$ 7.36$ bn

LTM EPS $\$ 1.97$

2019E P/E
16.2x

2019E EV/EBITDA
11.9x

Dividend Yield

One-Year Share Price Performance (\$/share)


## Key Fundamental Considerations

$\checkmark$ History of $\sim 10 \%$ revenue growth with improving margins
( $\sqrt{ }$
China and India have a rapidly growing middle class that can drive sales of A.O. Smith products
? Trade war and macroeconomic conditions in China present substantial uncertainty
? Limited growth opportunity domestically, with question marks surrounding further margin expansion

* Reliance on the Chinese market presents inherent risk


## United States Market Share


U.S. Reliance on Replacement Water Heaters


Growth Opportunity in China


| Recommendation: Buy |  | Portfolio Decision: Buy |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valuation Method | Weight | Implied Price | Contribution |
| Discounted Cash Flow | 90.0\% | \$52.39 | \$47.15 |
| Comparable Companies (EV/Revenue) | -- | 32.98 | -- |
| Comparable Companies (EV/EBITDA) | 5.0\% | 44.52 | 2.23 |
| Comparable Companies (P/E) | 5.0\% | 52.11 | 2.61 |
| Intrinsic Value per Share |  |  | \$51.98 |
| Current Price (as of November 14, 2018) |  |  | 45.23 |
| Upside/(Downside) to Current |  |  | 15.0\% |
| ( Proven ability to grow rapidly while also improving margins and retaining market leadership <br> Established position as the market leader in both the growth market of China and the stable U.S. market <br> Share price has dropped beyond intrinsic value due to uncertainty in the geopolitical landscape <br> ? Water heater demand driven from macroeconomic fluctuations is outside of company control <br> * Growth in international markets, specifically China, expected to slow from historical levels <br> * Impossible to accurately predict trade war and political outcomes due to unpredictability of leading political players |  |  |  |
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## Company Overview

- Compass Minerals is a specialty materials and chemicals company operating through two segments:
- Salt: primarily sells highway deicing salt to municipal authorities in North America and the UK
- Plant Nutrition: produces sulfate of potash and blended crop nutrient offerings in North America and Brazil
- Shares have slid over the past three years on the back of mild winters and lackluster Salt performance
- Recent issues at its largest rock salt mine, Goderich, have driven a wedge between intrinsic and market value


## Selected Financial Data

Share Price (as of November 14, 2018)
$\$ 49.95$

Enterprise Value

LTM EPS \$2.17

2019E P/E 13.5x

2019E EV/EBITDA
7.7x

Dividend Yield

One-Year Share Price Performance (\$/share)


Sale on Plant Nutrition (\$/share)


## Selected Commentary

- While Compass has historically garnered $\mathrm{a} \sim 1.0 \mathrm{x}-2.0 \mathrm{x}$ premium to peers, investors have re-rated it as of late
- Forward EBITDA multiples have contracted
$\boldsymbol{\sim 3 . 0 x}$ on the back of lackluster Salt news
- With current prices reflective of cyclically low earnings, the market is meaningfully undervaluing Salt
- Similar to other world-class mineral businesses, Salt could go for $\sim 8.0 \mathrm{x}-10.0 \mathrm{x}$ run-rate EBITDA
- As such, at today's price, you can buy into a Plant Nutrition at a $\mathbf{\sim 5 6 \%}$ discount to intrinsic value


## Selected Precedent Transactions (LTM EV/EBITDA)



[^1]Note: Valuation and financial metrics reflect BASE case scenario. Analysis assumes Salt and Plant Nutrition net debt of $\$ 676 \mathrm{~mm}$ and $\$ 638 \mathrm{~mm}$ respectively.

## Final Valuation \& Recommendation

Minerals

| Recommendation: Buy | Portfolio Decision: Buy |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valuation Method | Weight | Implied Price | Contribution |
| Discounted Cash Flow ${ }^{1}$ | 85.0\% | \$61.89 | \$52.60 |
| Sum of the Parts ${ }^{1}$ | 15.0\% | 62.85 | 9.43 |
| Comparable Companies (EV/EBITDA) | -- | 64.57 | -- |
| Comparable Companies (P/E) | -- | 60.55 | -- |
| Intrinsic Value per Share |  |  | \$62.03 |
| Current Price (as of November 14, 2018) |  |  | 49.95 |
| Upside/(Downside) to Current |  |  | 24.2\% |
| $\checkmark$ Best-in-class salt assets, normalized demand and cost savings should unlock material value over the coming year <br> Levered to favorable macro-trends and recovering farm economics, PDQ's direct-to-farmer sales channel should drive above market earnings growth from Plant Nutrition |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| I With current prices reflective of "trough" earnings, Compass presents true asymmetric upside potential |  |  |  |
| ? With Fran Malecha stepping down as CEO, a fresh face could drive a reversal in current market sentiment |  |  |  |
| ? AIM's limited trading optionality may prevent an attractive exit with the stock often moving in lockstep with potash prices |  |  |  |
| I X Should further issues at Goderich arise, returns could certainly be delayed, as investors have proven wed to that segment |  |  |  |
| Source: AIM/Skomra 2018, company filings and S\&P Capital IQ. <br> 1 Reflects probability-weighted implied price with $65 \%$ weight to BASE, $25 \%$ to BEAR and $10 \%$ to BULL. |  |  |  |

## Company Overview

- XPO Logistics is a top ten global provider of supply chain solutions
- XPO is divided into two main segments:
- Transportation ( $\sim 63 \%$ of 2017 Revenue)
- Logistics ( $\sim 37 \%$ of 2017 Revenue)
- The business is mostly asset-light and acts as a broker connecting shippers to producers
- XPO serves more than 50,000 customers and operated with 1,455 locations in 32 countries ${ }^{1}$
- 2017 Revenue: $\$ 15.4$ bn


## Selected Financial Data

Price (As of November 14, 2017)
\$78.87

Enterprise Value
$\$ 13.96$ bn
LTM EPS
$\$ 1.47 \mathrm{bn}$

2019E P/E
$17.4 x$

2019E EV/EBITDA
12.7x

Dividend Yield
N/A

One-Year Share Price Performance (\$/share)


## Discounted Cash Flow Analysis

XPO's management has demonstrated an ability to drive meaningful growth, both organically and through a prudent M\&A playbook

## Revenue Growth Story

- XPO has grown well above market through acquisitions and strong organic growth
- Management has explicitly stated they plan on acquiring more businesses in the future at attractive valuations
- Acquisition expenditure was $65 \%, 35 \%$ and $51 \%$ of revenue from 2013 - 2015, respectively
- The transportation and logistics industries are naturally fragmented, providing XPO with numerous potential targets


## Management Overview

- Bradley Jacobs - CEO and Chairman
- Took over company in 2011
- Has founded 4 companies, each valued $>\$ 1$ billion
- Over 500 acquisitions in his career
- Troy Cooper - President
- Former VP-Group Controller at URI
- Over 200 acquisitions in his career

Revenue and EBITDA Margins (\$ in millions)


Segment Sales Contributions


## Final Valuation \& Recommendation

| Recommendation: Buy | Portfolio Decision: Buy |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valuation Method | Weight | Implied Price | Contribution |
| Discounted Cash Flow | 85.0\% | \$99.43 | \$83.66 |
| Comparable Companies (EV/Revenue) | 5.0\% | 132.54 | 6.63 |
| Comparable Companies (EV/EBITDA) | 5.0\% | 102.27 | 5.14 |
| Comparable Companies (P/E) | 5.0\% | 74.04 | 3.70 |
| Intrinsic Value per Share |  |  | \$99.13 |
| Current Price (as of November 14, 2018) |  |  | 78.87 |
| Upside/(Downside) to Current |  |  | 25.6\% |
| IV Strong management team with history of inorganic growth operating in a very fragmented industry |  |  |  |
| XPO has a leading position in its space, with scale as a significant competitive advantage. |  |  |  |
| Industry tailwinds will continue as growth of e-commerce develops |  |  |  |
| Ample opportunities for cross-selling across business segments which will only grow with acquisitions |  |  |  |
| Management will have to continue strong acquisition performance to grow at current breakneck pace |  |  |  |
| ? Share price has been vulnerable to trade war concerns and a slowing economy dampening consumer spending |  |  |  |

## Crown Holdings (NYSE: CCK)

## Company Overview

- Crown Holdings is a leading supplier of beverage, food and aerosol packaging
- Operate 143 plants in 36 different countries
- 78\% of revenue comes from outside the United States
- Shares have dropped significantly in 2018 due to concerns regarding their $\$ 3.9 \mathrm{bn}$ acquisition of Signode in December
- Signode is a leading transit packaging company
- Diversifies Crown's business, adds organic growth opportunities and has higher margins and lower capex needs than the legacy business


## Selected Financial Data

Share Price (as of November 14, 2018)
$\$ 48.07$

Enterprise Value $\$ 16.30$ bn

LTM EPS \$4.62

2019E P/E 8.9x

2019E EV/EBITDA 8.3x

Dividend Yield

One-Year Share Price Performance (\$/share)


## Metrics Used

- $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{E}$ is not a measure used for Metal Can Manufacturers
- Varying capital structures, capital intensive industry
- EV/EBITDA versus peers shows CCK is fairly valued
- EV /(EBITDA - Capex) implies CCK is undervalued
- Multiple shows the capital intensity needs of the business

Selected Comparable Companies

| Company | EV /EBITDA | P/E | EV/(EBITDA-Capex) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Ball Corporation | 11.3 x | 17.7 x | 15.6 x |
| Ardagh Group | 8.2 x | 8.6 x | 12.9 x |
| Silgan Holdings | 8.6 x | 10.9 x | 12.4 x |
| Sonoco Products | 8.6 x | 15.8 x | 12.0 x |
| Crown | $\mathbf{8 . 3 x}$ | $\mathbf{8 . 9 x}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 . 9 x}$ |
| Median | $\mathbf{8 . 6 x}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 . 3 x}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 . 6 x}$ |
| Implied Share Price | $\mathbf{\$ 4 5 . 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 7 5 . 4 5}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 9 . 1 7}$ |

NTM Multiple Evolution


## Final Valuation \& Recommendation

## Recommendation: Buy

## Portfolio Decision: Buy

| Valuation Method | Weight | Implied Price | Contribution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Discounted Cash Flow | 85.0\% | \$61.98 | \$52.68 |
| Comparable Companies (EV/EBITDA) | 7.5\% | 45.47 | 3.41 |
| Comparable Companies (EV/(EBITDA-Capex)) | 7.5\% | 59.17 | 4.44 |
| Comparable Companies (P/E) |  | 75.45 |  |
| Intrinsic Value per Share |  |  | \$60.53 |
| Current Price (as of November 14, 2018) |  |  | 48.07 |
| Upside/(Downside) to Current |  |  | 25.9\% |
| (V)Resilient business model with a current attractive price due to the major share price decline in 2018 |  |  |  |
| Signode acquisition significantly undervalued by the market because of leverage and management concerns |  |  |  |
| (V)Strong growth opportunities in Southeast Asia, Brazil and the Specialty Can market in North America |  |  |  |
| Strong management team who has a history of prudent strategic decisions with a focus on shareholders |  |  |  |
| Signode acquisition has increased leverage and moves Crown away from core business |  |  |  |
| ? Worldwide decline in carbonated soft drink consumption per capita |  |  |  |

## Company Overview

- NextEra Energy is the largest utility in the United States ${ }^{1}$
- Bifurcated into two operating verticals: Florida Power \& Light (FPL) and NextEra Energy Resources (NEER)
- FPL:
- Largest utility in Florida, expansive footprint on east coast
- One of the "cleanest" utilities in the U.S., with $70 \%$ of its generation coming from natural gas
- NEER:
- World leader in electricity generated from the sun \& wind ${ }^{2}$
- Generation capacity of roughly 20 GW


## Selected Financial Data

Share Price (as of November 14, 2018)
$\$ 176.82$

Enterprise Value
$\$ 119.69$ bn

LTM EPS $\$ 7.48$

2019E P/E 19.7x

2019E EV/EBITDA
11.3x

Dividend Yield

One-Year Share Price Performance (\$/share)




Contracted Assets
Capital Deployment (\$ in billions)


Residential Bill (\$/1,000 kWh)


Backlog Expansion (GW)


## Final Valuation \& Recommendation

Recommendation: Buy
Portfolio Decision: Buy

| Valuation Method | Weight | Implied Price | Contribution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Discounted Cash Flow | 80.0\% | \$210.50 | \$168.40 |
| Dividend Discount | 10.0\% | 185.24 | 18.52 |
| Comparable Companies (EV/EBITDA) | 5.0\% | 142.28 | 7.11 |
| Comparable Companies (P/E) | 5.0\% | 129.99 | 6.50 |
| Intrinsic Value per Share |  |  | \$200.54 |
| Current Price (as of November 14, 2018) |  |  | 176.82 |
| Upside/(Downside) to Current |  |  | 13.4\% |
| Diverse business model (regulated and unregulated) allows NEE to grow at a faster rate than its peers |  |  |  |
| Cash flows are extremely contracted for NEE and backlog has been growing rapidly |  |  |  |
| FPL has consistently grown earnings through capital deployment, operating efficiencies and macro environment in Florida |  |  |  |
| ? Increasing short-term interest rates affects the utility industry as a whole, as most investments in utilities are yield-driven |  |  |  |
| * Exposure to hurricanes and other natural disasters in the state of Florida |  |  |  |
| - Trade war with China may increase input prices |  |  |  |

## Company Overview

- Target Corporation (NYSE:TGT) was founded in 1962
- Headquarters: Minneapolis, MN
- CEO: Brian Cornell
- Discount department store that operates across five segments
- 1,850 locations and 39 distribution centers in the U.S.
- Average "guest": female, age 18-44, middle class
- 2017 Revenue: $\$ 71.88$ bn
- Largest revenue segment was Beauty \& Household, followed by Food \& Beverage, Apparel \& Accessories, Home \& Décor and Hardlines


## Selected Financial Data

Share Price (as of November 14, 2018)
$\$ 86.94$

Enterprise Value
\$54.19 bn

LTM EPS
$\$ 6.02$

2019E P/E
15.7x

2019E EV/EBITDA
8.7x

Dividend Yield

One-Year Share Price Performance (\$/share)


## Porter's Five Forces



## Opportunities and Threats

Strong economy benefits consumer spending
(
In struggling industry, strong players have the opportunity to adapt and outperform

* Threat of the "Amazon Effect" and potential failure to adapt to changing environment
* Shrinking margins and strong threat of substitutes


## Growth of Ecommerce

Online Sales as Share of Total Retail Sales


## Surviving a Shifting Environment



Private label additions to bolster differentiation


Technology investments to boost ecommerce


Store remodels to enhance shopping experience

## Final Valuation \& Recommendation

Recommendation: Buy

## Portfolio Decision: Buy

| Valuation Method | Weight | Implied Price | Contribution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Discounted Cash Flow | 85.0\% | \$95.41 | \$81.10 |
| Dividend Discount Model | 10.0\% | 96.94 | 9.69 |
| Comparable Companies (EV/EBITDA) | 2.5\% | 98.79 | 2.47 |
| Comparable Companies (P/E) | 2.5\% | 98.32 | 2.46 |
| Intrinsic Value per Share |  |  | \$95.72 |
| Current Price (as of November 14, 2018) |  |  | 86.94 |
| Upside/(Downside) to Current |  |  | 10.10\% |
| Reinvestment in core in-store experience through store remodels which will boost traffic and sales |  |  |  |
| Increased available market share, particularly in the toys segment, due to bankruptcy of close competitors (Toys"R"Us, Sears) |  |  |  |
| Diverse management team with strong retail experience and proven ability to make long-term strategic decisions |  |  |  |
| Timing and magnitude of results given that projects are still in very early stages and potential delays may slow the process |  |  |  |
| Margin pressure due to increasing competition, rising labor costs and expensive investments in ecommerce and logistics |  |  |  |

## Company Overview

- Darling Ingredients is a developer and producer of natural ingredients from edible and inedible bio-nutrients
- Operating on five continents, Darling collects and transforms all animal by-products into useable products:
- Animal meals, pet food ingredients, organic fertilizers, fuel feedstocks, casings and hides
- Further, Darling operates Diamond Green Diesel that produces over $\mathbf{2 5 0} \mathbf{~ M M G Y}$ of renewable diesel
- Investment thesis is grounded in DGD \& RD


## Selected Financial Data

Share Price (as of November 14, 2018)
$\$ 20.30$

Enterprise Value
\$5.1 bn

LTM EPS
$\$ 1.00$

2019E P/E
17.5x

2019E EV/EBITDA
8.4x

Dividend Yield

One-Year Share Price Performance (\$/share)



CA LCFS Credit Price


- Biodiesel

■ Biomethane

- Fossil Natural Gas

■ Other (Hydrogen, etc.)

| Recommendation: Buy |  | Portfolio Decision: Buy |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valuation Method | Weight | Implied Price | Contribution |
| Discounted Cash Flow | 90.0\% | \$32.19 | \$28.97 |
| Price to Revenue | 3.3\% | 23.27 | 0.78 |
| Comparable Companies (EV/EBITDA) | 3.3\% | 25.98 | 0.87 |
| Comparable Companies (P/E) | 3.3\% | 22.44 | 0.74 |
| Intrinsic Value per Share ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | \$31.36 |
| Current Price (as of November 14, 2018) |  |  | 20.30 |
| Upside/(Downside) to Current |  |  | 54.5\% |
| (V) Global footprint and diverse offerings in rendering allows Darling to be a global leader |  |  |  |
| Tremendous growth potential through Darling's market leading position in renewable diesel, which is poised to boom in value as the blend wall approaches |  |  |  |
| IV High quality management team—proven ability to integrate large acquisitions and have foresight to see future opportunity |  |  |  |
| ? Extreme commodity exposure that has the potential to juice or drag heavily on earnings every quarter |  |  |  |
| I? High government regulation in the biofuel space that creates the potential for "stroke of the pen" risk |  |  |  |

[^2]
## Company Overview

- Netflix was founded in 1997 as a DVD-rental-by-mail business
- Significant strategic shifts under the leadership of the CEO and co-founder Reed Hastings
- Leading market share $(73 \%)$ in the U.S. Over-The-Top internet media streaming market
- 137 million subscriptions across 190 countries
- Business segment: 49\% international streaming, 49\% domestic streaming, 2\% DVD rental


## Selected Financial Data

Share Price (as of November 14, 2018)
\$286.73

Enterprise Value
\$130.32 bn

LTM EPS

2019E P/E

2019E EV/EBITDA 7.6x

Dividend Yield

One-Year Share Price Performance (\$/share)


## Point of Contact

- Wenwen Jiang: producer at ChinaLion publishing, responsible for idea generation
- Specialist in China-US movie co-production fields
- The Meg (August, 2018)



## Overseas Growth Prospects Limited

- Eliminates upside case which doubles international subscriber additions forecast assuming a successful China strategy
- Indicates an intrinsic value of $\$ 304.7$ ( $6.4 \%$ upside)

| FYE December 31, | 2019E | 2020E | 2021E | 2022E | 2023E | 2024E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BASE Int'l Growth | 30.0\% | 24.0\% | 18.0\% | 12.0\% | 8.0\% | 4.0\% |
| Net Additions ('000) | 25,871 | 26,905 | 25,022 | 19,684 | 14,697 | 7,937 |
| BULL Int'l Growth | 40.0\% | 35.0\% | 30.0\% | 25.0\% | 15.0\% | 10.0\% |
| Net Additions ('000) | 34,494 | 42,255 | 48,895 | 52,970 | 39,727 | 30,458 |

## Selected Insights

- The fast growing Netflix originals sector insists no coinvest project, only with sole ownership
- China domestic movie protectionism: 34 Hollywood movies annual quota
- No joint publishing with other streaming platforms


## NETFLIX



Publishing

Valuation Sensitive to Content Spend


Implied Downside to Current

## Final Valuation \& Recommendation

| Recommendation: Sell |  | Portfolio Decision: Pass |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valuation Method | Weight | Implied Price | Contribution |
| Blended Discounted Free Cash Flow | 100.0\% | \$195.42 | \$195.42 |
| Discounted Free Cash Flow (Base) | 95.0\% | 199.75 |  |
| Discounted Free Cash Flow (Upside) | -- | 304.71 |  |
| Discounted Free Cash Flow (Downside) | 5.0\% | 112.52 |  |
| Comparable Company Analysis (EV/Revenue) | -- | 56.57 | -- |
| Intrinsic Value per Share |  |  | \$195.42 |
| Current Price (as of November 14, 2018) |  |  | 286.73 |
| Upside/(Downside) to Current |  |  | (31.8\%) |
| (V) Visionary management team that led the company through a series of successful strategic transitions |  |  |  |
| Industry leading domestic market penetration and international market expansion speed based on high-quality content library |  |  |  |
| (x)Remote opportunity breaking into the Chinese market given the current company strategy |  |  |  |
| Valuation highly sensitive to content spending assumptions, while guidance does not justify the stock's current trading price |  |  |  |
| (x Reported "culture of fear" that results in high employee turnover rate across all corporate hierarchy |  |  |  |

## Company Overview

- Brookdale Senior Living is the largest operator of senior living communities in the United States based on total capacity
- 988 communities in 46 states with the ability to serve approximately $\mathbf{9 5 , 0 0 0}$ residents
- Founded in 2005 by combining two leading senior living operating companies, Brookdale Living communities, Inc. and Alterra Healthcare Corporation
- 5 main product lines: Retirement Centers, Assisted Living, Continuing Care Retirement Centers ("CCRCs"), Ancillary Services and Management Services


## Selected Financial Data

Share Price (as of November 14, 2018)
$\$ 8.50$

Enterprise Value
$\$ 6.05 \mathrm{bn}$

LTM EPS

2019E P/E
$\mathbf{N} / \mathbf{M}^{1}$

2019E EV/EBITDA
12.3x

Dividend Yield

One-Year Share Price Performance (\$/share)


Reflects negative expected net income for fiscal year 2019.

Demographic Tailwinds


- Baby Boomers are more isolated than past generations were, so there will be a greater need for paid senior services
- Senior population expected to grow
$>6 \mathrm{x}$ faster than rest of population

Baby Boomers to Drive Demand



- BKD can 'cross-sell' services to transition residents from IL $\rightarrow$ AL $\rightarrow$ Dementia-Care services


## Brookdale's Scale to Win Out

961 Communities
Across 46 States


- BKD offers other supportive ancillary services:
- Home health
- Hospice
- Outpatient therapy


## Recommendation: Buy

## Portfolio Decision: Sell



Demographic tailwinds will drive occupancy rates across the industry
BKD has massive scale \& diversified offerings which allow it to "cross-sell" services to its aging residents
Uncertain whether management team will be committed to selling excess communities to renovate existing ones
x Historically high employee turnover and current labor shortage will keep operating costs high

* Hangover from Emeritus acquisition in 2014 that harmed its reputation for best-in-class senior living services
I. COURSE OvERVIELWII. ECONOMIC OUTLOOKIII. SECURITY ANALYSISIV. Portrotio Performance
A. Historical Returns vs. Benchmarks
B. Winners \& Losers
C. Portfolio Returns by Industry
D. Attribution Analysis
E. Portfolio Risk \& Return
F. Portfolio Additions \& Deletions
G. Finalized Portfolio


## Historical Performance Relative to Benchmarks



## Top Winners \& Losers (as of November 14, 2018)

Technology holdings continue to largely lead the pack while legacy business lines have posted lackluster performance as of late

| Portfolio Company |  |  | Industry Classification | YTD Performance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \frac{\infty}{x} \\ & \frac{1}{z} \\ & Z \\ & B \end{aligned}$ | $\checkmark$ CLIFFS | Cleveland Cliffs (NYSE: CLF) | Materials | 36\% |
|  | $\square$ - Microsoft | Microsoft (NASDAQ: MSFT) | Technology | 23\% |
|  | ufl1. paloalto ${ }_{\text {Networks }}$ | Palo Alto Networks (NYSE: PANW) | Technology | 22\% |
|  | rb RIICHIE BROS. | Ritchie Bros Auctioneers (NYSE: RBA) | Industrials | 15\% |
|  | $\sum$ Exelon. | Exelon (NYSE: EXC) | Utilities | 15\% |
| $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \frac{\infty}{17} \\ & \frac{1}{\infty} \\ & 8 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Kraftoreimz | Kraft Heinz (NASDAQ: KHC) | Consumer Staples | (32\%) |
|  | $\bigcirc$ ARCONIC | Arconic (NYSE: ARNC) | Industrials | (25\%) |
|  | DOLLAR TREE | Dollar Tree (NASDAQ: DLTR) | Consumer Discretionary | (20\%) |
|  | trupanion <br> Medical insurance for your pet. | Trupanion (NASDQ: TRUP) | Financials | (19\%) |
|  | Aciivision <br> BILZABD | Activision Blizzard (NASDAQ: ATVI) | Technology | (19\%) |

## YTD Returns by Industry (as of October 31, 2018́ㅗ)



## Attribution Analysis: One-Year (as of 10/31/2018)

The AIM portfolio has been bolstered by both allocation effects and selection effects over the past year, particularly through selection of Materials and Industrials companies. Information Technology and Communication Services have lagged


## Attribution Analysis: Five-Year (as of 10/31/2018)

The 5-year management effects are negative with selection effects particularly detrimental in Consumer Discretionary and Staples sectors, while Information Technology saw positive management effects


## Portfolio Risk \& Return

Beta (as of October 31, 2018)


Alpha (as of October 31, 2018)


## Portfolio Risk \& Return (contd)

Standard Deviation (as of October 31, 2018)


Sharpe Ratio (as of October 31, 2018)


## Industry Allocation (as of November 14, 2018)

AIM XL VII's industry allocation has fallen out of line with the $S \& P 500$ due to recent portfolio divestitures and the creation of the Communication Services sector

AIM XLVII Sector Allocations vs. S\&P 500¹


- Notable Overweight Sectors: Industrials $(+7.4 \%)$, Materials $(+5.7 \%)$, Consumer Discretionary ( $+2.7 \%$ )

1 - Notable Underweight Sectors: Health Care (-10.8\%), Information Technology (-4.0\%), Real Estate (-2.8\%)

## Final Portfolio Decisions



| Inherited Portfolio |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Company | YTD Performance |
| Activision Blizzard Inc. | (18.5\%) |
| Alphabet Inc. | (0.3\%) |
| Comerica Inc. | (7.0\%) |
| Facebook Inc. | (18.3\%) |
| Intercontinental Exchange Inc. | 11.7\% |
| Kinder Morgan Inc. | (6.3\%) |
| Lockheed Martin Corp. | (5.5\%) |
| Microsoft Corp. | 22.7\% |
| Palo Alto Networks Inc. | 22.0\% |
| Stryker Corp. | 7.2\% |
| Trupanion Inc. | (19.0\%) |
| Total System Services Inc. | 11.0\% |
| Waste Management Inc. | 5.5\% |
| Arconic Inc. | (25.4\%) |
| Apollo Global Management | (15.6\%) |
| Cleveland-Cliffs Inc. | 35.5\% |
| Dollar Tree Inc. | (20.3\%) |
| Exelon Corp. | 14.7\% |
| Kraft Heinz Co/The | (32.3\%) |
| Paypal Holdings Inc. | 14.2\% |
| Ritchie Bros Auctioneers | 14.9\% |
| Walt Disney Co/The | 8.9\% |
| Biogen Inc. | (1.6\%) |
| Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc. | 23.8\% |
| Unitedhealth Group Inc. | 20.2\% |


| AIM XLVII Selected Stocks |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Company | Y'TD Performance |  |
| A. O. Smith Corporation | (26.2\%) |  |
| Booking Holdings Inc. | 8.7\% |  |
| Boyd Gaming Corp. | (29.7\%) |  |
| Compass Minerals International, Inc. | (30.9\%) | 11 AIM |
| Constellation Brands, Inc. | (13.7\%) | XLVII |
| Crown Holdings, Inc. | (14.5\%) | Stocks |
| Darling Ingredients Inc. | 13.0\% | Added to |
| Micron Technology, Inc. | (7.5\%) |  |
| NextEra Energy, Inc. | 13.2\% |  |
| Target Corp. | 27.4\% |  |
| XPO Logistics, Inc. | (13.9\%) |  |
| Brookdale Senior Living Inc. | (14.3\%) |  |
| GTT Communications, Inc. | (33.9\%) |  |
| Lear Corp. | (21.6\%) |  |
| McDonald's Corporation | 6.8\% |  |
| Netflix Inc. | 49.4\% | Stocks |
| Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd. | (10.7\%) | Evaluated |
| Salesforce.com, Inc. | 26.5\% | by AIM <br> XLVII |
| Starbucks Corp. | 16.7\% |  |
| Spotify Technology S.A. | (19.2\%) |  |
| Ulta Beauty, Inc. | 40.0\% |  |
| Walmart Inc. | 2.8\% |  |

I. COURSE OVERVIEN II. ECONOMIC OUTLOOK III. SECurity Analysis IV. Portfouio Performances V. AIM XlviI Review
VI. Concluding Remarks

A. New York Trip
B. Networking
C. Acknowledgments

## Aterian Investment Partners

- Brandon Bethea
- Turn-around and distressed focused private equity


## Firefly Value Partners

- Ryan Heslop
- Ariel Warszawski
- Long/Short Equity Hedge Fund


## Spruce House Capital

- Zach Sternberg
- Ben Stein
- Long-only equity investment partners


## Firefly

- World's first block-chain powered trust


## Solus Asset Management

- CJ Lanktree
- Distressed credit hedge fund
- Special situations credit and equity alternative asset manager


## Paxos

- Emil Woods

SOLUS

ND vs. VT


No. 6 Notre Dame extended winning streak to $\mathbf{6}$ with a rout of the No. 24 Hokies

Broadway Musical


Class attended Jersey Boys at New World Stages

## Guest Speakers

- Scott Malpass - Executive Vice President \& CIO
- Tom Digenan - UBS Asset Management
- Bill Duhamel - Co-founder Route One Investment
- Kristen Collett-Schmitt - Economics Professor
- James Parsons - CEO Junto Capital Management
- Stephen Santrach - Viking Global Management


## AIM Website

- Economic Report
- Portfolio Performance
- Portfolio Composition
- Analyst Profiles
- Alumni Updates



## Newsletter

- Course Description and History
- Current Portfolio
- Current Analysts \& Coverage
- Board Presentations
- Alumni Newsletters



## AIM Alumni LinkedIn

- Network with over 650 AIM alumni
- Link to join is on the AIM website: aim.nd.edu



## Acknowledgements

Thank you for all of your guidance and support

AIM Advisory Board
Howard Lanser
Scott Malpass

Notre Dame Investment Office
Shane Corwin
Kristen Collett-Schmitt

Shelley Huff
Marlene Wasikowski
Frank Reilly


## 14-0


[^0]:    Source: AIM/ Bogart 2018, company filings and S\&PP Capital IQ.

[^1]:    Source: AIM/ Skomra 2018, company filings, Wall Street research and SeP Capital IQ.

[^2]:    Source: AIM/Marks 2018, company filings and S\&P Capital IQ.
    Reflects probability-weighted implied price with $75 \%$ weight to BASE, $0 \%$ to BEAR and $25 \%$ to BULL.

